Section 5.—Manufacturing Industries in Cities and Towns.

The prosperity of most of the cities and towns of Canada, especially in the East, is intimately connected with their manufacturing industries, which provide employment for a large proportion of their gainfully employed population. In the West the cities are more largely distributing centres, though manufactures are rapidly increasing there also.

Table 34, indicating the extent to which the manufacturing industries of Canada are concentrated in urban centres, shows by provinces the proportion of the gross manufacturing production which is produced in cities and towns having a gross production of over \$1,000,000 each. In the more highly industrialized provinces of Ontario and Quebec such cities and towns account for about 88 p.c. of the total, while in British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, where sawmilling, fish-packing, and dairying are leading industries, the proportion falls to 56 p.c. or less. In the Prairie Provinces manufacturing is largely confined to a few large urban centres.

34.—Cities and Towns with a Gross Manufacturing Production of over \$1,000,000 each, Number of Establishments and Total Gross Production in such Cities and Towns as a Percentage of the Grand Total, by Provinces, 1930.

Nove—Statistics published in this table are in some cases higher than the figures published in Table 34, since, in the table below are included statistics of towns with less than three establishments and production of over \$1,000,000 each. It was not possible to publish this information in Table 36 without disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

Province.	Cities and Towns with a Gross Production of over \$1,000,000 each.	Establishments Reporting in Cities and Towns Producing over \$1,000,000 each.	Total Production in Cities and Towns Producing over \$1,000,000 each.	Total Production in each Province.	Production in Cities and Towns as a Per- centage of Total Pro- duction in each Province.
	No.	No.	\$	\$	p.c.
Priace Edward Island. Nova Scotja. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia.	10 9 55 111 7 4	35 286 273 2, 938 6, 059 627 197 354 1, 025	68,789,291 45,487,896 875,429,966 1,539,442,139 131,481,877 53,511,357 81,168,277	85,802,921	49-8 80-0 71-7 85-6 90-0 92-3 85-9 86-1 56-4
Canada	215	11,794	2,933,271,227	3, 428, 970, 628	85.5

The five chief manufacturing cities of Canada are Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Winnipeg and Vancouver. Statistics showing the trend of production in these cities during the latest nine years for which the figures are available are given in Table 35. According to the census of 1921, Hamilton was proportionately the most largely dependent of these cities upon manufacturing industries. About 45 p.c. of its gainfully employed population was employed in manufacturing, as compared with 30 p.c. in Montreal and Toronto, and 17 p.c. in Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Twenty-one other important cities with a gross production of manufactured goods of over \$20,000,000 each in 1930 were as follows, in descending order of the